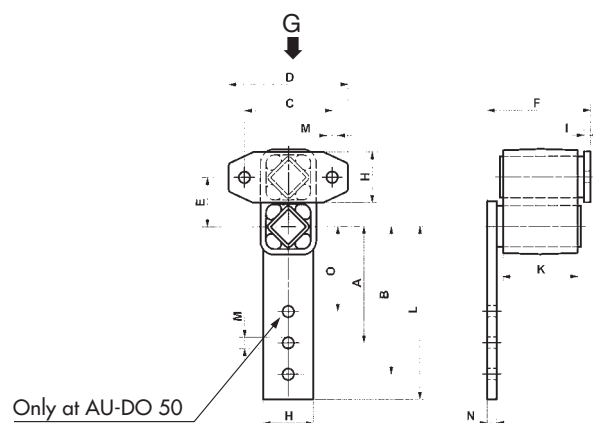




Oscillating Mounting

Type AU-DO



Technical Data (for free oscillating systems, only)

| Art. No. | Type | $n_{err} = 740 \text{ min}^{-1}$ | | | $n_{err} = 980 \text{ min}^{-1}$ | | | $n_{err} = 1460 \text{ min}^{-1}$ | | |
|------------|----------|----------------------------------|-------|------|----------------------------------|-------|------|-----------------------------------|-------|-----|
| | | sw | c_d | G | sw | c_d | G | sw | c_d | G |
| 07 301 001 | AU-DO 18 | * | * | * | 4 | 140 | 145 | 3 | 125 | 105 |
| 07 301 002 | AU-DO 27 | * | * | * | 5 | 160 | 240 | 4 | 155 | 150 |
| 07 301 003 | AU-DO 38 | 8 | 190 | 520 | 7 | 200 | 395 | * | * | * |
| 07 301 004 | AU-DO 45 | 10 | 240 | 930 | 8 | 260 | 690 | * | * | * |
| 07 301 005 | AU-DO 50 | 11 | 350 | 1420 | 9 | 370 | 1040 | * | * | * |

* = not recommendable

sw = max. amplitude in mm (peak to peak)

c_d = dynamic stiffness in N/mm, by ment. rpm. and amplitude

G = max load capacity in N per AU-DO element by the mentioned rpm and double amplitude (sw).

Nomogram for speed calculation, see table on page 67, below

Rocker arms for higher loads and different drive parameters are available on specific request.

Material Structure

The double housings for sizes 18 up to 45 are made out of light alloy profiles, the ones from size 50 in nodular cast. The rocker arms, inner squares and flanges in steel. All steel parts are galvanized and yellow passivated.

Dimensions

| Art. Nr. | Type | A | B | C | D | E | F | H | I | K | L | M | N | O | Weight in kg |
|------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|------|----|-----|--------------|
| 07 301 001 | AU-DO 18 | 110 | 130 | 60 | 85 | 31 | 73 | 35 | 5 | 50 | 150 | 9.5 | 8 | — | 1.10 |
| 07 301 002 | AU-DO 27 | 120 | 150 | 80 | 110 | 44 | 83 | 45 | 5 | 60 | 175 | 11.5 | 8 | — | 1.85 |
| 07 301 003 | AU-DO 38 | 135 | 170 | 100 | 140 | 60 | 108 | 60 | 6 | 80 | 200 | 14 | 10 | — | 2.80 |
| 07 301 004 | AU-DO 45 | 160 | 205 | 130 | 180 | 73 | 136 | 70 | 8 | 100 | 240 | 18 | 12 | — | 6.05 |
| 07 301 005 | AU-DO 50 | 185 | 235 | 140 | 190 | 78 | 165 | 80 | 10 | 120 | 275 | 18 | 15 | 135 | 9.75 |

The AU-DO rockers have mainly been developed as trough suspensions for **counter-frame excited two-mass oscillating systems with continuous material feeding**, driven by two unbalanced motors (see also example on page 73). The chassis **m¹** is excited by unbalanced motors and the spring accumulator units of the AU-DO mountings amplify the small oscillation amplitudes onto the screen or the conveyor trough **m²**. The chassis of the machine has to be installed on low frequency mounts, ideally on ROSTA oscillating mountings type AB. These shaker systems are characterized by extremely low, hardly measurable residual force transmission to the machine founda-

tions and are hence ideally suited for installation on steel scaffolding and false floors in processing building. Additional benefits of this system are the nearly noiseless running of the shaker, the low consumption of electric power and the easy installation of the spring accumulators. Finally, the universal rocker arms from ROSTA are applicable in **crank-driven oscillating conveyor systems**. Here they have the function of trough guide and spring accumulator unit at the same time. This unique machine component is allowing to design different types of resonant shaking systems.



Oscillating Mounting

Type AU-DO

Free Oscillating Shaker System "Silent Flow"

Basics:

Two mass oscillating system with energetic amplification of trough mass (m_2)

Driven by two unbalanced motors

Amplitude fine-tuning by inverter

General Parameters:

Center distances

between trough suspensions $m = 1-1.5 \text{ m}$
(depending on structure stiffness)

Ratio $m_1 : m_2$

$m_1 = 3 \cdot m_2$ (ideal)
 $m_1 = 2 \cdot m_2$ (minimum)

Basics of element selection:

(Please check also formulas point 3.1, page 52)

Total spring value [N/mm]

$$c_t = \frac{m_1 \cdot m_2}{m_1 + m_2} \cdot \left(\frac{2\pi}{60} \cdot n_{err} \right)^2 \cdot 0.001$$

Quantity of required suspensions (AU-DO) for shaking function in resonance

$$z = \frac{c_t}{0.9 \cdot c_d}$$

Oscillating machine factor [-]

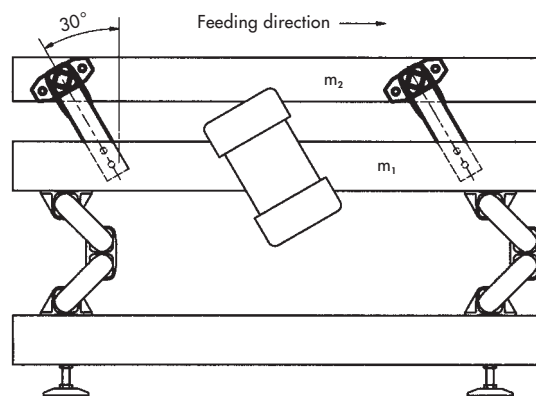
$$K = \frac{\left(\frac{2\pi}{60} \cdot n_{err} \right)^2 \cdot sw}{9810 \cdot 2}$$

Total required centrifugal force of motor [N]

$$F_z = z \cdot c_d \cdot \frac{sw}{2}$$

in using two unbalanced motors

$$\frac{F_z}{2}$$



Calculation Example

Given:

Required material speed $v_{th} = 20 \text{ cm/sec approx.}$
Weight of counter mass m_1 , with motors $= 92 \text{ kg}$
Weight of empty trough $m_2 = 30 \text{ kg}$
Material weight on trough on $m_2 = 8 \text{ kg}$
Effective coupling weight 20% $= 1.6 \text{ kg}$
Total weight of trough $m_2 = 31.6 \text{ kg}$
Ratio mass $m_1 : m_2 = 2.9$
Length of trough $= 1.2 \text{ m}$

Selection of the suspensions:

Excitation frequency $n_{err} = 1460 \text{ min}^{-1}$
Excitation amplitude $sw = 4 \text{ mm}$
Theoretical material speed $v_{th} = 25 \text{ cm/sec}$
(see diagram on page 67)
Oscillating machine factor $K = 4.8$
Total dynamic spring value $c_t = 550 \text{ N/mm}$
Dynamic spring value for selection of suspensions c_t (reserve included) $= 611 \text{ N/mm}$
Quantity of suspensions type AU-DO 27 ($c_d 155 \text{ N/mm}$) $= 4$
($4 \cdot 155 = 620 \text{ N/mm}$)

Please check in table "technical data" on previous page, if the suspensions AU-DO 27 have the static load capacity for the mentioned mass ($31.6 \cdot 9.81 : 4 = 77.5 \text{ N}$ and max. capacity of the element is 150 N)

Required centrifugal force per unbalanced motor* $= 620 \text{ N}$

Selection of the supports AB under m_1
 $G = \frac{(m_1 + m_2) \cdot g}{\text{quantity AB}} = \frac{(92 + 31.6) \cdot 9.81}{4} = 303 \text{ N} = 4 \cdot \text{AB 27}$

*(system with 2 motors)